**Financial Statements** 

For the year ended 31 December 2020

## Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Corporation of the Town of Renfrew (the "Town") are the responsibility of the Town's management and have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards. A summary of the significant accounting policies is contained in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements. The preparation of consolidated financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The Town's management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

The Council meets with management and the external auditors to review the consolidated financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by MacKillican & Associates, independent external auditors appointed by the Town. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Town's consolidated financial statements.

Erin Broome Acting Treasurer

# Consolidated Financial Statements Index

# For the year ended 31 December 2020

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	2
Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus	3
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets (Liabilities)	4
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	5
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	6 - 16
Schedule of General Operations	17
Consolidated Schedule of Reserves and Reserve Funds	18
Consolidated Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets	19 - 20
Renfrew Public Library Board	
Independent Auditor's Report	21 - 22
Statement of Financial Position	23
Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus	24
Notes to the Financial Statements	25 - 26
Renfrew Downtown Business Association	
	27
Independent Auditor's Report	27
Statement of Financial Position	28 29
Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) Notes to the Financial Statements	30 - 31
Notes to the Financial Statements	30 - 31
Town of Renfrew Stewart Bequest Trust	
Independent Auditor's Report	32
Statement of Financial Position and Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus	33
Notes to the Financial Statements	34 - 35
Renfrew Parks and Recreation Fund Raising Committee Trust	
Independent Auditor's Report	36
Statement of Financial Position	37
Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus	38
Notes to the Financial Statements	39 - 40
Total to the 1 manetal statements	37 10
Town of Renfrew Swimming Pool Trust	
Independent Auditor's Report	41
Statement of Financial Position and Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus	42
Notes to the Financial Statements	43 - 44



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the Town of Renfrew.

#### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the Town of Renfrew (the Town), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus, statement of changes in net financial assets (liabilities) and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town as at 31 December 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards for local governments.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Town in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards for local governments, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Town's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Town or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Town's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at *MacKillican's* website at: http://mackillicans.com/PDF/Auditors\_Responsibilities.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

RENFREW, Ontario.

14 September 2021.

**Chartered Professional Accountants,** 

Mac Killian + Associates

Licensed Public Accountants.

620 Barnet Blvd. Renfrew ON. K7V 0A8 T: 613.432.3664 | F: 613.432.8424

14 Madawaska Street – P.O. Box 94 Arnprior ON. K7S 3H2 T: 613.623.7926 | F: 613.623.7927

 $Email: info@mackillicans.com \mid Website: www.mackillicans.com$ 

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

# As at 31 December 2020 (with 2019 figures for comparison)

P 1		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>
Financial assets: Cash Taxes receivable Accounts receivable User charges receivable Other assets Investment in government business enterprises (Note 4)	\$	13,642,974 459,274 1,614,758 1,125,986 3,456 14,482,438	\$	9,920,417 554,932 1,170,457 1,271,425 3,600 13,470,522
	\$_	31,328,886	\$	26,391,353
Financial liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds (Note 6 (a)) - other (Note 6 (b)) Net long term liabilities (Note 11) Landfill closure and post closure costs (Note 7) Employee future benefits	\$	2,678,007 2,288,243 2,702,938 17,437,112 1,747,422 161,819	\$	7,681,489 1,831,658 1,881,789 10,931,750 1,662,080 189,544
	\$	27,015,541	\$	24,178,310
Net financial assets	\$	4,313,345	\$	2,213,043
Non-financial assets: Tangible capital assets (net) (Note 10) Inventory of supplies Prepaid expenses	\$  \$	102,279,175 218,992 195,354 102,693,521	\$  \$	103,401,613 184,533 192,099 103,778,245
Municipal equity	\$	107,006,866	\$	105,991,288
Municipal equity comprised of: Equity in tangible capital assets (Note 13) Reserves General Renfrew Downtown Business Association Equity in government business enterprises (Note 4) Unfunded - employee future benefit costs (Note 2) Unfunded - landfill closure and post closure costs (Note 2)	\$	82,614,222 12,644,641 (718,920) (106,274) 14,482,438 (161,819) (1,747,422)	\$	83,988,062 11,228,813 (718,920) (125,565) 13,470,522 (189,544) (1,662,080)
Total Municipal equity	\$	107,006,866	\$	105,991,288

2019

(233,818)

106,225,106

\$ 105,991,288

## Town of Renfrew

# Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

# For the year ended 31 December 2020 (with 2020 budget and 2019 actual figures for comparison)

2020

(1,240,910)

105,991,288

\$ 104,750,378

2020

1,015,578

105,991,288

\$\_107,006,866

**Budget** Actual Actual Revenue: \$ 8,874,730 9,183,314 8,890,006 Taxation \$ Government transfers: Ontario 2,496,170 3,309,077 3,083,818 Canada 3,600 345,003 275,762 Other municipalities 186,125 204,349 168,898 Other 7,856,430 7,195,591 7,682,411 Income from Government Business Enterprises 1,011,916 456,209 Loss on disposal of capital assets (145,962)(1,284,930)Landfill closure cost adjustment (Note 7) (85,342)(85,342)19,417,055 21,017,946 19,186,832 Expenses: \$ 1,702,360 \$ 1,621,452 General government 1,731,931 Protection to persons and property 4,175,788 4,165,569 4,067,619 Transportation services 5,346,917 5,410,842 5,450,493 Environmental services 6,083,720 5,686,296 6,572,190 Recreation and cultural services 2,394,821 2,270,758 2,234,639 Planning and development 401,964 299,897 463,727 \$<u>20,657,965</u> 20,002,368 \$ 19,420,650

(See accompanying notes)

Excess (shortfall) of revenue over expenses

Accumulated surplus at the end of the year

Accumulated surplus at the beginning of the year

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets (Liabilities)

# For the year ended 31 December 2020 (with 2020 budget and 2019 actual figures for comparison)

		2020 <u>Budget</u>		2020 <u>Actual</u>		2019 <u>Actual</u>
Excess (shortfall) of revenue over expenses	\$	(1,240,910)	\$	1,015,578	\$	(233,818)
Amortization of tangible capital assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets and		5,016,765		5,016,765		4,940,494
construction in progress		(1,191,680)		(4,180,561)		(5,024,985)
Loss on disposal of capital assets				145,962		1,284,930
Proceeds on disposal of capital assets				140,272		158,198
Use of (acquisition of) prepaid expenses				(3,255)		(15,607)
Use of (acquisition of) inventory	_		_	(34,459)	_	(19,841)
Increase (decrease) in net financial assets	\$	2,584,175	\$	2,100,302	\$	1,089,371
Net financial assets at the beginning of the year	_	2,213,043	_	2,213,043		1,123,672
Net financial assets at the end of the year	\$	4,797,218	\$	4,313,345	\$	2,213,043

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

# For the year ended 31 December 2020 (with 2019 figures for comparison)

Cook flows from an arcting activities		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:  Excess (shortfall) of revenue over expenses  Add items which do not involve cash:	\$	1,015,578	\$	(233,818)
- amortization - loss on disposal of assets - landfill closure and post closure costs - employee future benefits	_	5,016,765 145,962 85,342 (27,725)	_	4,940,494 1,284,930 85,342 (37,992)
	\$	6,235,922	\$	6,038,956
Net change in non cash working capital balances related to operations:				
- decrease (increase) in taxes receivable - decrease (increase) in other assets - decrease (increase) in accounts receivable - decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses - decrease (increase) in user charges receivable - decrease (increase) in inventory of supplies - increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	95,658 144 (444,301) (3,255) 145,439 (34,459) (5,003,482)	\$ 	(89,333) (1,152) 2,100,405 (15,607) (2,231) (19,841) 983,402
	\$	(5,244,256)	\$	2,955,643
Cash flows from operating activities	\$	991,666	\$	8,994,599
Cash flows from financing activities: Repayment of long term liabilities Proceeds from long term liabilities Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue - other	\$	(594,638) 7,100,000 456,585 821,149	\$	(485,000) 998,000 129,508 1,420,645
Cash flows from financing activities	\$	7,783,096	\$	2,063,153
Cash flows used for capital activities: Additions to tangible capital assets: General government Protection services Development and works Recreation and cultural services Proceeds on disposal of capital assets  Cash flows used for capital activities	\$  \$	(47,252) (49,895) (3,688,190) (395,224) 140,272 (4,040,289)	\$  \$	(50,282) (10,542) (4,789,654) (174,507) 158,198 (4,866,787)
Cash flows used for investing activities: Additions to investment in government business enterprises	\$ <u></u>	(1,011,916)	\$	(386,209)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents during the year Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	\$	3,722,557 9,920,417	\$	5,804,756 4,115,661
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	\$	13,642,974	\$	9,920,417

(See accompanying notes)

# MACKILLICAN & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### For the year ended 31 December 2020

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Corporation of the Town of Renfrew are the representation of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

The focus of PSAB financial statements is on the financial position of the Town and changes thereto. The Consolidated Statement of Financial Position reports financial assets and liabilities. Financial assets are available to provide resources to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. Municipal surplus represents the financial position of the Town and is the difference between financial assets and liabilities. This information explains the Town's overall future revenue requirements and its ability to finance activities and meet its obligations.

# (a) Reporting Entity

(i) The consolidated financial statements reflect financial assets, liabilities, operating revenues and expenditures, reserves, reserve funds, and changes in investment in tangible capital assets of the Town. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations, committees and local boards accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources to the Town and which are owned or controlled by the Town. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances between these organizations are eliminated.

These consolidated financial statements include:

- Town of Renfrew Waterworks
- Town of Renfrew Wastewater System
- Renfrew Public Library Board
- Renfrew Downtown Business Association
- (ii) Accounting for County and School Board Transactions The taxation, other revenues, expenditures, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the county and school boards are not reflected in the municipal fund balances of these financial statements.
- (iii) Trust funds and their related operations administered by the Town are not included in these financial statements but are reported separately.

# (b) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period in which transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenue; expenses are recognized in the period goods or services are acquired and a liability is incurred or transfers are due.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed.

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### For the year ended 31 December 2020

#### (c) Non-financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year, and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the change in net financial assets for the year.

# (d) Tangible Capital Assets

(i) Tangible capital assets (TCAs) are recorded at cost, which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. Where the cost was not readily determinable, the assets were valued at their current fair market value and then discounted back to their in-service date using the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Where cost was not readily determinable, the land was given a value of \$ 1.00 per segment. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Land improvements	20 - 30 years
Facilities	15 - 95 years
Equipment	5 - 30 years
Rolling stock	7 - 25 years
Infrastructure	10 - 100 years

Amortization is calculated commencing the first month of the year following acquisition using the above rates. In the year of disposal, a full year of amortization will be charged against the asset. Capital work in progress is not amortized until it is put into service.

The Town has a capitalization threshold of \$ 5,000, so that individual TCAs of lesser value are expensed, unless they are pooled because, collectively, they have significant value, or for operational reasons.

## (ii) Contribution of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt, and that fair value is also recorded as revenue. Similarly, transfers of assets to third parties are recorded as an expense equal to the net book value of the assets as of the date of transfer.

#### (iii) Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

### (iv) Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost or replacement cost.

#### (e) Investment Income

Investment income earned on current funds (other than obligatory reserve funds) is reported as revenue in the period earned. Investment income earned on externally restricted funds is added to the fund balance and forms part of the respective deferred revenue balance.

# (f) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfers of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or are the result of a direct financial return.

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### For the year ended 31 December 2020

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which the events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

#### (g) Deferred Revenue

Certain amounts are received pursuant to regulations or agreement and may only be used in the conduct of certain programs or in the delivery of specific services and transactions. These amounts are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year the related expenditures are incurred or services performed.

# (h) Deferred Revenue - Obligatory Reserve Funds

The Town receives restricted contributions under the authority of provincial and federal legislation and Town by-laws. These funds by their nature are restricted in their use and until applied to applicable costs are recorded as deferred revenue. Amounts applied to qualifying expenditures are recorded as revenue in the fiscal period they are expended.

#### (i) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant estimates include the allowance for doubtful taxes, landfill closure and post closure costs, employee future benefits and the useful life and recoverable amounts of tangible capital assets.

#### (i) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash on hand and in bank and investments due no greater than three months from the date of acquisition or that are cashable on demand.

# (k) Revenue Recognition

Taxation revenue consists of non-exchange transactions. It is recognized in the period to which the assessment relates and reasonable estimates of amounts can be made. Annual revenue also includes adjustments related to reassessments or appeals related to prior years. Fees and user charges relate to licensing fees, fees for use of various programming, and fees imposed based on specific activities. Revenue is recognized when the activity is performed or when the services are rendered. Income from government business enterprises is accounted for using the modified equity method.

#### (1) Financial Instruments

Financial instruments include cash, accounts receivable, user charges receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and net long term liabilities. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Town is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

The carrying amounts reported on the statement of financial position for cash, accounts receivable, user charges receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, approximate their fair values, due to the immediate and short term maturities of these financial instruments.

The fair value of net long term liabilities, including the current portion, is based on rates currently available to the Town with similar terms and maturities and approximates its carrying amounts as disclosed on the statement of financial position.

# (m) Government Business Enterprises

Investment in government business enterprises are accounted for using the modified equity method.

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### For the year ended 31 December 2020

#### 2. AMOUNTS TO BE RECOVERED

Amounts to be recovered represent the requirement of the Town to raise funds in subsequent periods to finance unfunded liabilities, comprised of the landfill closure and post closure liabilities and employee future benefit costs.

#### 3. TRUST FUNDS

Trust funds administered by the Town, totaling \$ 270,492 (2019 - \$ 274,270) are presented in separate financial statements of trust fund financial position and operations. As such, balances held in trust by the Town for the benefit of others have not been included in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position nor have their operations been included in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

## 4. INVESTMENT IN GOVERNMENT BUSINESS ENTERPRISES

Renfrew Hydro Inc. (RHI) (100%), Renfrew Power Generation Inc. (RPGI) (100%) and the Renfrew Innovation Centre (100%) are government business enterprises or partnerships in which the Town owns the percentage interest as noted and accounted for on a modified equity basis in these financial statements.

The principal business of RHI is to distribute electric power to the Town of Renfrew and manage the electric distribution system. RPGI's principal business is the generation of electric power for the benefit of the Town of Renfrew's residents. The Renfrew Innovation Centre's principal business is commercial rental.

The following tables provide condensed supplementary financial information setting out the Town's share for the three entities for the year ended 31 December 2020 along with information for the year ended 31 December 2019.

Renfrew Hydro Inc. (100%)	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Financial position: Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 3,366,960 7,608,727	\$ 3,596,910 7,395,378
	\$ <u>10,975,687</u>	\$ 10,992,288
Current liabilities Long term debt	\$ 2,789,386 4,007,794	\$ 2,716,601 3,625,574
	\$6,797,180	\$ 6,342,175
Net assets	\$ <u>4,178,507</u>	\$ 4,650,113
Results of operations: Revenues Operating expenses	\$ 14,251,263 14,053,663	\$ 12,877,056 12,697,065
Net income	\$ <u>197,600</u>	\$ 179,991
Dividends declared and paid	\$(44,998)	\$ (47,914)

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

## For the year ended 31 December 2020

# 4. INVESTMENT IN GOVERNMENT BUSINESS ENTERPRISES (Continued)

Renfrew Power Generation Inc. (100%)	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Financial position: Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 3,306,093 25,497,953 \$ 28,804,046	\$ 2,563,897 25,570,139
Current liabilities Long term debt	\$ 28,804,046 \$ 1,157,480 21,576,950 \$ 22,734,430	\$ 28,134,036 \$ 2,254,505 20,684,116 \$ 22,938,621
Net assets	\$ <u>6,069,616</u>	\$5,195,415
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Results of operations: Revenues Operating expenses	\$ 3,988,471 3,044,270	\$ 2,887,654 2,507,318
Net income	\$ <u>944,201</u>	\$380,336
Dividends declared and paid	\$ <u>(70,000</u> )	\$ <u>(70,000</u> )
Renfrew Innovation Centre (100%)	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Financial position: Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 329,400 370,483 \$ 699,883	\$ 181,471 617,455 \$ 798,926
Current liabilities	\$ <u>106,245</u>	\$ <u>163,983</u>
Net assets	\$593,638	\$634,943
Results of operations: Revenues Operating expenses	\$ 753,531 768,418	\$ 743,676 799,880
Net income (loss)	\$ <u>(14,887)</u>	\$(56,204)
Distributions declared and paid	\$ <u>(26,418)</u>	\$ <u> </u>

# 5. OPERATIONS OF SCHOOL BOARDS AND COUNTY OF RENFREW

Requisitions were made by the School Boards and County of Renfrew requiring the Town to collect property taxes and payments in lieu of property taxes on their behalf. The amounts collected and remitted are as follows:

	School Boards		<u>County</u>			
Property taxes Payments in lieu	\$	2,337,875	\$	3,139,677 142,270		
	\$	2,337,875	\$	3,281,947		

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

## For the year ended 31 December 2020

#### 6. DEFERRED REVENUE

# a) Obligatory Reserve Funds:

A requirement of the public sector accounting principles of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada is that obligatory reserve funds be reported as deferred revenue. This requirement is in place because federal, provincial and municipal legislation restricts how these funds may be used. The balances in the obligatory reserve funds of the Town are summarized below:

(i) The balance of deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds on the "Consolidated Statement of Financial Position" at the end of the year is comprised of the following externally restricted reserve funds:

	<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		
Lot development charges	\$	922,571	\$	742,610	
Gasoline tax rebates - Provincial		431,814		413,677	
Gasoline tax rebates - Federal		933,858		675,371	
	\$	2,288,243	\$	1,831,658	

(ii) Transactions during the year in the deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds are as follows:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Balance at the beginning of the year Gas tax revenues received	\$ 1,831,658 499,208	\$ 1,702,150 765,337
Development charges	170,685	165,437
Interest earned	22,236	45,332
	\$ <u>2,523,787</u>	\$ <u>2,678,256</u>
Used to purchase capital assets	Φ (225.544)	\$ (610,000)
Transferred to other enterprises	\$ <u>(235,544)</u>	(236,598)
	\$ (235,544)	\$ (846,598)
Balance at the end of the year	\$ <u>2,288,243</u>	\$ <u>1,831,658</u>

# (b) Other Deferred Revenue:

Other deferred revenue consists of advances from the Province of Ontario \$ 2,454,431 (2019 - \$ 1,576,270) and private developers and other deferred revenue \$ 248,507 (2019 - \$ 305,519) to complete infrastructure projects within the Town, as well as advances on recreation and other programs which will be completed in 2021.

#### 7. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST CLOSURE LIABILITY

The Environmental Protection Act sets out the regulatory requirements to properly close and maintain all active and inactive landfill sites. Under environmental law, there is a requirement for closure and post closure care of solid waste landfill sites. This requirement is to be provided for over the estimated remaining life of the landfill site based on usage.

Landfill closure and post closure care requirements have been defined in accordance with industry standards and include final covering and landscaping of the landfill, pumping ground water and leachates from the site, and ongoing environmental monitoring, site inspection and maintenance. Some closure costs are incurred on an ongoing basis and are included in the yearly fiscal operating budget. All remaining expected closure and post closure costs have been discounted at the Average Ontario Non-residential Building Construction Price Index. There is currently \$ 390,000 (2019 - \$ 340,000) set aside in reserves for either closure or post closure activities.

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

### For the year ended 31 December 2020

# 7. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST CLOSURE LIABILITY (Continued)

The reported liability is based on estimates and assumptions with respect to events extending over the useful life and estimated post closure care period using the best information available to management. Future events may result in significant changes to the estimated total expenditures, capacity used or total capacity and the estimated liability, and would be recognized prospectively, as a change in estimate, when applicable.

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Landfill site's estimated remaining capacity in cubic metres	720,916	737,916
Landfill site's remaining useful life in years	18	19
Expected years of post closure care	25	25

The estimated total undiscounted expenses over the 25 year post closure period amount to approximately \$ 5.366.614.

#### 8. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The nature of municipal activities is such that there may be litigation pending or in prospect at any time. The Town is currently involved in various liability claims. Because the outcome of these matters cannot yet be determined, no amounts have been recorded in the accounts. The Town has agreed to guarantee a loan for Renfrew Power Generation Inc. There were advances of \$ 19,741,209 (2019 - \$ 20,725,785) on the loan.

#### 9. BUDGET FIGURES

The operating budget approved by the Town for 2020 is reflected on the Consolidated Statement of Operations. The budget established for capital investment in tangible capital assets is on a project-oriented basis, the costs of which may be carried out over one or more years and, therefore, may not be comparable with current year's actual expenditure amounts. As well, the Town does not budget activity within reserves and reserve funds, with the exception being those transactions which affect either operations or capital investments. Budget figures have been reclassified for the purpose of these financial statements to comply with PSAB reporting requirements. The budgeted figures have not been audited.

# 10. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

The Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets provides information on the tangible capital assets of the Town by major asset class and by function, as well as for accumulated amortization of the assets controlled. The reader should be aware of the following information relating to tangible capital assets:

# (i) Contributed Tangible Capital Assets:

The Town records all tangible capital assets contributed by an external party at fair value on the earlier of the date received or of the transfer of risk and responsibility. Typical examples are roadways, water and sewer lines installed by a developer as part of a subdivision agreement. Contributed tangible capital assets amounted to \$ Nil in 2020 (\$ Nil in 2019).

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### For the year ended 31 December 2020

# 10. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

(ii) Tangible Capital Assets Recognized at Nominal Value: Certain assets have been assigned a nominal value of one dollar, because of the difficulty of determining a tenable valuation. The most significant such assets are the Town's road allowances. The 2020 road network had segments, each of which has been assigned a value of one dollar for the road allowance itself.

## 11. NET LONG TERM LIABILITIES

(a) The balance of net long term liabilities of \$ 17,437,112 (2019 - \$ 10,931,750) reported on the "Consolidated Statement of Financial Position" is made up of long term liabilities incurred by the Town and includes those incurred on behalf of municipal enterprises.

		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>
(b)	Serial debenture loan payable, interest at 4.79%, \$ 123,750 principal plus interest payable semi-annually, maturing April 2051	\$ 7,548,750	\$	7,796,250
	Serial debenture loan payable, interest at 2.14%, \$ 109,327 principal plus interest payable quarterly, maturing July 2040	7,028,658		
	Serial debenture loan payable, interest at 2.38%, \$ 100,000 principal plus interest payable semi-annually, maturing January 2027	1,300,000		1,500,000
	Serial debenture loan payable, interest at 2.68%, \$ 32,394 principal including interest payable semi-annually, maturing July 2039	959,704		998,000
	Serial debenture loan payable, interest at 2.89%, \$ 18,750 principal plus interest payable semi-annually, maturing April 2036.	 600,000	_	637,500
	Net long term liabilities at the end of the year	\$ 17,437,112	\$_	10,931,750

(c) Principal and interest payments required on the long term liabilities are as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>		
2021	\$ 813,534	\$ 578,459	\$	1,391,993	
2022	820,834	553,460		1,374,294	
2023	828,297	528,298		1,356,595	
2024	835,927	503,938		1,339,865	
2025	843,728	477,469		1,321,197	
2026 to 2030	 3,641,896	 2,024,354	_	5,666,250	
	\$ 7,784,216	\$ 4,665,978	\$	12,450,194	

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### For the year ended 31 December 2020

#### 12. CHARGES FOR NET LONG TERM LIABILITIES

(a) Total charges for the year for net long term liabilities are as follows:

		<u>2019</u>		
Principal Interest	\$	594,638 526,387	\$	485,000 459,365
	\$	1,121,025	\$	944,365

These payments are within the annual debt repayment limit as prescribed by the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing under Ontario Regulation 403/02.

(b) The interest charges shown in (a) above are reported on the Consolidated Statement of Operations under the appropriate functional expenditure heading.

13. EQUITY IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Tangible capital assets - net Net long term liabilities Amounts to be funded in future years	\$ 102,279,175 (17,437,112) (2,227,841)	\$ 103,401,613 (10,931,750) (8,481,801)
Equity in tangible capital assets	\$ <u>82,614,222</u>	\$83,988,062

### 14. PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

The Municipality makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System (OMERS), a multi-employer pension plan. The plan provides defined pension benefits to employees based on their length of service and rates of pay. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Municipality contributed \$ 448,969 (2019 - \$ 444,856) to the plan and is included as an expense in the consolidated statement of operations. The Town does not recognize in its consolidated financial statements any share of the pension plan deficit as this is a joint responsibility of all Ontario municipalities and their employees. The pension plan deficit for 2020 is \$ (7,655,000,000) (surplus for 2019 - \$ 1,531,000,000) based on the fair market value of the Plan's assets.

#### 15. CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

In December 2017, the Town entered into a new three year agreement with the Ministry of Community Safety and Correctional Services for the years 2018 to 2020 for police services. The cost of this contract for 2020 was \$ 1,990,140 (2019 - \$ 1,973,034).

In 2020, the Town entered into a three year contract for the curbside pickup collection and disposal of recyclable materials. The contract is for a period from 3 August 2020 to 2 August 2023. Annual charges are determined by reference to the weight of material processed. The cost of this contract for 2020 was \$ 330,150 (2019 - \$ 250,094).

In 2017, the Town entered into a five year contract for the collection of curbside garbage. The contract is for a period from 1 April 2017 to 31 March 2022. Annual charges are determined by reference to the number of households in the Town. The cost of this contract for 2020 was \$ 156,729 (2019 - \$ 154,984).

In 2015, the Town entered into a ten and a half year contract with Ontario Clean Water Agency for water treatment and wastewater treatment services. The contract price is based on annual operating costs plus a fixed management fee, indexed annually by the change in the Consumer Price Index. The cost of this contract for 2020 was \$ 1,356,309 (2019 - \$ 1,341,741).

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

### For the year ended 31 December 2020

#### 16. NON ACCRUAL OF INTEREST ON LONG TERM LIABILITIES

No provision has been made in these financial statements for the accrual of interest on the net long term liabilities. Had the provision been made, the reserve balance at 31 December 2020 would have decreased by \$ 164,950 (2019 - \$ 119,417).

#### 17. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

- (a) The Town is responsible for providing a wide range of services to its citizens. The Town reports on functional areas and programs in its consolidated financial statements. A brief description of each segment follows:
  - i) General government is comprised of Council and administration and is responsible for the overall governance and management of the Municipality.
  - ii) Protection is comprised of police, fire, and other protective services.
  - iii) Transportation is comprised of roads including parking, signs and signals, streetlights and the maintenance of roads of the Town.
  - iv) Environmental services include water supply and distribution, wastewater treatment, and solid waste and recycling services.
  - v) Recreation and cultural services include parks and recreation and library.
  - vi) Planning and development services are comprised of managing development for residential and business interests, as well as infrastructure and parks.
- (b) For each functional area, expenditures represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the functional area and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The expenditures for 31 December 2020 are as follows:

	Salaries and benefits	Interest on long term debt	Materials and contracted services	Rent and external transfers	Amortization	<u>Total</u>
General government Protection services Transportation services Environmental services Recreation services	\$ 944,613 1,794,597 986,970 831,548 1,428,434	\$ 18,204 21,292 486,891	\$ 634,416 2,294,944 1,088,275 3,077,068 561,380	\$ 68,553 360,849 45,948 42,904	\$ 66,145 76,028 2,993,107 1,642,265 238,040	\$ 1,731,931 4,165,569 5,450,493 6,083,720 2,270,758
Planning and development	220,498 \$ 6,206,660	\$ <u>526,387</u>	68,219 \$ <u>7,724,302</u>	10,000 \$ 528,254	1,180 \$ 5,016,765	299,897 \$ 20,002,368

## (c) The expenditures for 31 December 2019 are as follows:

				Materiais						
		Iı	nterest on	and	I	Rent and				
	Salaries and	1	ong term	contracted		external				
	<u>benefits</u>		<u>debt</u>	services	<u>1</u>	ransfers	Ar	nortization		<u>Total</u>
General government	\$ 944,139	\$	24,388	\$ 514,768	\$	68,700	\$	69,457	\$	1,621,452
Protection services	1,782,856			2,210,844				73,919		4,067,619
Transportation services	912,673			1,181,724		253,520		2,999,000		5,346,917
Environmental services	924,192		434,977	2,724,395		43,034		1,559,698		5,686,296
Recreation services	1,452,501			502,665		42,233		237,240		2,234,639
Planning and development	247,697	_		204,850	_	10,000	_	1,180	_	463,727
	\$ <u>6,264,058</u>	\$_	459,365	\$ 7,339,246	\$_	417,487	\$	4,940,494	\$_	19,420,650

N / - 4 - ... - 1 -

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

## For the year ended 31 December 2020

## 18. COVID-19

To help contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus and to protect the public, measures have been introduced at various levels of government. The virus and the measures introduced could have a material impact on future operations. The extent of the impact of the COVID-19 virus and the government's response cannot be reliably estimated at this time.

# Schedule of General Operations

# For the year ended 31 December 2020 (with 2020 budget and 2019 actual figures for comparison)

	2020 <u>Budget</u>	2020 <u>Actual</u>	2019 <u>Actual</u>
Revenue:			
Net municipal taxation	\$ 8,874,730	\$ 9,118,314	\$ 8,826,075
Government transfers:			
Ontario	2,479,450	3,292,357	3,067,098
Canada	2,100	333,492	416,129
Other municipalities	176,125	191,299	168,898
Other	3,059,580	2,012,522	2,364,098
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets		(145,962)	(1,284,930)
	\$ <u>14,591,985</u>	\$ <u>14,802,022</u>	\$ <u>13,557,368</u>
Expenses:			
General government	\$ 1,702,360	\$ 1,731,931	\$ 1,621,452
Protection to persons and property	4,175,788	4,165,569	4,067,619
Transportation services	5,410,842	5,450,493	5,346,917
Environmental services	1,426,890	1,122,496	975,961
Recreation and cultural services	1,849,571	1,722,490	1,682,511
Planning and development	401,964	<u>251,012</u>	374,133
	\$ <u>14,967,415</u>	\$ <u>14,443,991</u>	\$ <u>14,068,593</u>
Excess (shortfall) of revenue over expenses	\$ <u>(375,430)</u>	\$358,031	\$ <u>(511,225</u> )
Transfers:			
Transfer to Library	\$ (503,180)	\$ (487,832)	\$ (492,128)
Transfer to reserves	(170,580)	(988,588)	(873,686)
Transfer from equity in tangible capital assets	2,182,820	1,118,389	1,877,039
Net transfers	\$ <u>1,509,060</u>	\$ <u>(358,031</u> )	\$ <u>511,225</u>
Expects of mayoning even even even	¢ 1 122 620	¢	¢
Excess of revenue over expenses General surplus (deficit) at the beginning of the year	\$ 1,133,630 (718,920)	\$ - (718,920)	\$ - (718,920)
General surplus (deficit) at the beginning of the year	(/10,920)	(/10,920)	<u>(/10,920</u> )
General surplus (deficit) at the end of the year	\$ <u>414,710</u>	\$ <u>(718,920</u> )	\$ <u>(718,920</u> )

# Consolidated Schedule of Reserves and Reserve Funds

# For the year ended 31 December 2020 (with 2019 figures for comparison)

		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>
Contributions: From general operations	\$	2,882,751	\$	2,816,737
From wastewater operations From waterworks operations		511,567		513,054 839,775
	\$	3,394,318	\$	4,169,566
Transfers:				
To general operations	\$	(633,770)	\$	(235,808)
To tangible capital asset acquisitions		(1,344,720)		(1,912,583)
	\$	(1,978,490)	\$	(2,148,391)
Change in reserves and reserve funds balance	\$	1,415,828	\$	2,021,175
Reserves and reserve funds at the beginning of the year		11,228,813		9,207,638
Reserves and reserve funds at the end of the year	\$	12,644,641	\$	11,228,813
Reserves:				
Working funds	\$	200,000	\$	200,000
Contingencies		3,855,239		3,274,647
Asset acquisitions - general operations		4,356,903		3,948,908
- waterworks system		2,927,740		2,441,173
- wastewater system	_	1,304,759	_	1,364,085
Total reserves	\$	12,644,641	\$	11,228,813

# Consolidated Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets

# As at 31 December 2020 (with 2019 figures for comparison)

Segmented by asset class: <u>Cost</u>	Balance at 31 December 2019	Additions	Disposals, write-offs and adjustments	Balance at 31 December 2020
Land Land improvements Equipment Rolling stock (vehicles) Facilities Infrastructure Capital work in progress Total	\$ 267,367 2,373,319 2,132,063 5,021,487 54,128,882 116,419,901 693,515 \$ 181,036,534	\$ 179,398 177,366 153,991 525,560 84,136 1,030,925 2,029,185 \$ 4,180,561	\$ (53,229) (12,560) (59,475) 19,622 (679,116) (67,290) \$ (852,048)	\$ 446,765 2,497,456 2,273,494 5,487,572 54,232,640 116,771,710 2,655,410 \$ 184,365,047
10m	ψ <u>101,030,331</u>	<u> </u>	<u>(032,010</u> )	<u> </u>
Accumulated amortization	Balance at 31 December 2019	Amortization	Disposals, write-offs and adjustments	Balance at 31 December 2020
Land improvements Equipment Rolling stock (vehicles) Facilities Infrastructure	\$ 1,962,081 1,328,937 1,801,829 21,884,869 50,657,205	\$ 44,925 102,496 287,029 1,426,369 3,155,946	\$ (53,229) (8,792) (38,659) (465,134)	\$ 1,953,777 1,422,641 2,050,199 23,311,238 53,348,017
Total	\$ <u>77,634,921</u>	\$5,016,765	\$(565,814)	\$ 82,085,872
Net book value			Balance at 31 December 2019	Balance at 31 December 2020
Land Land improvements Equipment Rolling stock (vehicles) Facilities Infrastructure Capital work in progress			\$ 267,367 411,238 803,126 3,219,658 32,244,013 65,762,696 693,515	\$ 446,765 543,679 850,853 3,437,373 30,921,402 63,423,693 2,655,410
Total			\$ <u>103,401,613</u>	\$ <u>102,279,175</u>

# Consolidated Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets

# As at 31 December 2020 (with 2019 figures for comparison)

Segmented by function: <u>Cost</u>	Balance at 31 December 2019	Additions	Disposals, write-offs and adjustments	Balance at 31 December 2020
General government Protection services Recreation and culture Tourism	\$ 3,629,664 1,961,639 10,680,343 208,013	\$ 47,252 49,895 395,224	\$ (35,695)	\$ 3,641,221 2,011,534 11,075,567 208,013
Development and works	164,556,875	3,688,190	(816,353)	<u>167,428,712</u>
Total	\$ <u>181,036,534</u>	\$ <u>4,180,561</u>	\$ <u>(852,048</u> )	\$ <u>184,365,047</u>
Accumulated amortization	Balance at 31 December 2019	Amortization	Disposals, write-offs and adjustments	Balance at 31 December 2020
General government Protection services Recreation and culture Tourism Development and works	\$ 1,784,809 942,975 8,060,498 18,284 66,828,355	\$ 67,325 76,028 228,601 9,439 4,635,372	\$ (35,695) (530,119)	\$ 1,816,439 1,019,003 8,289,099 27,723 70,933,608
Total	\$ <u>77,634,921</u>	\$5,016,765	\$(565,814)	\$ <u>82,085,872</u>
Net book value			Balance at 31 December 2019	Balance at 31 December 2020
General government Protection services Recreation and culture Tourism Development and works			\$ 1,844,855 1,018,664 2,619,845 189,729 97,728,520	\$ 1,824,782 992,531 2,786,468 180,290 96,495,104
Total			\$ <u>103,401,613</u>	\$ <u>102,279,175</u>

Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2020



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the Town of Renfrew.

# **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of the Renfrew Public Libary Board (the Library Board), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Library Board as at 31 December 2020, and its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards (PSAB).

## **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

The Library Board's tangible capital assets were expensed during the year. The assets were not capitalized which is a departure from Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards (PSAB). If the Library Board had capitalized the tangible capital assets, the current year's municipal grant and current year's expenses would have been reduced by \$29,857.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Library Board in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PSAB, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Library Board's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Library Board or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Library Board's financial reporting process.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at MacKillican's website at: http://mackillicans.com/PDF/Auditors Responsibilities.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

RENFREW, Ontario. 14 September 2021.

**Chartered Professional Accountants,** 

Licensed Public Accountants.

Mac Killian + Associates

# Statement of Financial Position

# As at 31 December 2020 (with 2019 figures for comparison)

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Financial assets: Cash in bank Due from revenue fund	\$ 37 20,204 \$ 20,241	\$ 1,074 28,797 \$ 29,871
Liability: Deferred revenue (Note 4)	\$ <u>20,241</u>	\$ 29,871
Net financial assets	\$	\$
Accumulated surplus	\$ <u>    -    </u>	\$

# Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

# For the year ended 31 December 2020 (with 2019 figures for comparison)

	2020	2019
Revenue:		
Ontario grants	\$ 16,720	\$ 16,720
Canada grant	11,511	14,644
Municipal grant	491,534	492,718
Other	 19,559	 28,636
	\$ 539,324	\$ 552,718
Expenses:		
Books, periodicals and supplies	\$ 36,044	\$ 39,434
Employee wages and benefits	437,794	440,554
Facility expenses and miscellaneous	 65,486	 72,730
	\$ 539,324	\$ 552,718
Excess (shortfall) of revenue over expenses	\$ -	\$ -
Accumulated surplus at the beginning of the year	 	 
Accumulated surplus at the end of the year	\$ 	\$ 

## Notes to the Financial Statements

# For the year ended 31 December 2020

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Renfrew Public Library Board are the representation of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

The focus of PSAB financial statements is on the financial position of the Library Board and changes thereto. The Statement of Financial Position reports financial assets and liabilities. Financial assets are available to provide resources to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. Municipal position represents the financial position of the Library Board and is the difference between financial assets and liabilities. This information explains the Library Board's overall future revenue requirements and its ability to finance activities and meet its obligations.

### (a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period in which transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenue; expenses are recognized in the period goods or services are acquired and a liability is incurred or transfers are due.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

### (b) Non-financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year, and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenue over expenses, provides the change in net financial assets for the year.

#### (c) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or are the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which the events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, and eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

## (d) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

## For the year ended 31 December 2020

## (e) Deferred Revenue

Certain amounts are received pursuant to regulations or agreement and may only be used in the conduct of certain programs or in the delivery of specific services and transactions. These amounts are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year the related expenditures are incurred or services performed.

#### (f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash on hand and in bank and investments due no greater than three months from the date of acquisition or that are cashable on demand.

## 2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments include cash in bank and due from revenue fund. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Library Board is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

The carrying amounts reported on the statement of financial position for cash in bank and due from revenue fund, approximate their fair values, due to the immediate and short term maturities of these financial instruments.

#### 3. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The nature of municipal activities is such that there may be litigation pending or in prospect at any time. The Library Board is not aware of any claims or possible claims as at 31 December 2020.

#### 4. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue consists of donations and federal grants of \$20,241 (2019 - \$29,871).

## 5. COVID-19

To help contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus and to protect the public, measures have been introduced at various levels of government. The virus and the measures introduced could have a material impact on future operations. The extent of the impact of the COVID-19 virus and the government's response cannot be reliably estimated at this time.

Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2020



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Renfrew Downtown Business Association, Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the Town of Renfrew.

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Renfrew Downtown Business Association (the Association), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus (deficit) for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Association as at 31 December 2020, and its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards (PSAB).

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PSAB, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Association's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at *MacKillican's* website at: http://mackillicans.com/PDF/Auditors\_Responsibilities.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

**Chartered Professional Accountants,** 

Mac Killian + Associates

Licensed Public Accountants.

RENFREW, Ontario.

14 September 2021.

620 Barnet Blvd. Renfrew ON. K7V 0A8 T: 613.432.3664 | F: 613.432.8424 14 Madawaska Street – P.O. Box 94 Arnprior ON. K7S 3H2 T: 613.623.7926 | F: 613.623.7927

 $Email: info@mackillicans.com \mid Website: www.mackillicans.com$ 

# Statement of Financial Position

# As at 31 December 2020 (with 2019 figures for comparison)

	<u>2020</u>			<u>2019</u>		
Financial assets: Cash in bank Due from Canada Prepaid expense	\$	1,266 2,995 80	\$	18,229 5,874 155		
Liabilities:	\$	4,341	\$	24,258		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to Town of Renfrew	\$	1,402 109,213	\$	14,450 135,373		
	\$	110,615	\$	149,823		
Net financial assets (liabilities)	\$	(106,274)	\$	(125,565)		
Accumulated surplus (deficit)	\$	(106,274)	\$	(125,565)		

# Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus (Deficit)

# For the year ended 31 December 2020 (with 2020 budget and 2019 actual figures for comparison)

Revenue: Taxation Other	2020 <u>Budget</u>		2020 <u>Actual</u>		2019 <u>Actual</u>	
	\$	65,000	\$	65,000 3,176	\$	63,931 6,136
	\$	65,000	\$	68,176	\$	70,067
Expenses: Administration Advertising, promotion and programs Street beautification, maintenance and utilities	\$	17,725 35,775 11,500	\$	24,492 20,274 4,119	\$	35,905 48,869 4,820
	\$	65,000	\$	48,885	\$	89,594
Excess (shortfall) of revenue over expenses Accumulated surplus (deficit) at the beginning of	\$	-	\$	19,291	\$	(19,527)
the year		(125,565)	_	(125,565)	_	(106,038)
Accumulated surplus (deficit) at the end of the year	\$	(125,565)	\$	(106,274)	\$	(125,565)

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

## For the year ended 31 December 2020

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Renfrew Downtown Business Association are the representation of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

The focus of PSAB financial statements is on the financial position of the Association and changes thereto. The Statement of Financial Position reports financial assets and liabilities. Financial assets are available to provide resources to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. Municipal position represents the financial position of the Association and is the difference between financial assets and liabilities. This information explains the Association's overall future revenue requirements and its ability to finance activities and meet its obligations.

## (a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period in which transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenue; expenses are recognized in the period goods or services are acquired and a liability is incurred or transfers are due.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

#### (b) Non-financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year, and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenue over expenses, provides the change in net financial assets for the year.

#### (c) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or are the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which the events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### For the year ended 31 December 2020

#### (d) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

## (e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash on hand and in bank and investments due no greater than three months from the date of acquisition or that are cashable on demand.

#### 2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments include cash in bank, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and due to Town of Renfrew. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Association is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

The carrying amounts reported on the statement of financial position for cash in bank, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and due to Town of Renfrew, approximates their fair values, due to the immediate and short term maturities of these financial instruments.

#### 3. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The nature of municipal activities is such that there may be litigation pending or in prospect at any time. The Association is not aware of any claims or possible claims as at 31 December 2020.

#### 4. COVID-19

To help contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus and to protect the public, measures have been introduced at various levels of government. The virus and the measures introduced could have a material impact on future operations. The extent of the impact of the COVID-19 virus and the government's response cannot be reliably estimated at this time.

Stewart Bequest Trust

Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2020



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the Town of Renfrew.

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Renfrew Stewart Bequest Trust (the Trust), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Trust as at 31 December 2020, and its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards (PSAB).

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Trust in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PSAB, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Trust or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Trust's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at *MacKillican's* website at: http://mackillicans.com/PDF/Auditors\_Responsibilities.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

RENFREW, Ontario.

14 September 2021.

**Chartered Professional Accountants.** 

Licensed Public Accountants.

620 Barnet Blvd. Renfrew ON. K7V 0A8 T: 613.432.3664 | F: 613.432.8424

14 Madawaska Street – P.O. Box 94 Amprior ON. K7S 3H2 T: 613.623.7926 | F: 613.623.7927

Mac Killian + Associates

 $Email: info@mackillicans.com \mid Website: www.mackillicans.com$ 

## Stewart Bequest Trust

## Statement of Financial Position

## For the year ended 31 December 2020 (with 2019 figures for comparison)

		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>	
Financial assets: Cash in bank Investments (Note 3)	\$	22,406 52,473	\$	22,147 51,800	
Net financial assets	\$ <u></u>	74,879	\$	73,947	
Accumulated surplus	\$_	74,879	\$	73,947	

#### Town of Renfrew

## Stewart Bequest Trust

## Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

# For the year ended 31 December 2020 (with 2019 figures for comparison)

	:	<u> 2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Revenue: Interest	\$	932	\$ 1,114
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	932	\$ 1,114
Accumulated surplus at the beginning of the year		73,947	 72,833
Accumulated surplus at the end of the year	\$	74,879	\$ 73,947

#### Stewart Bequest Trust

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### For the year ended 31 December 2020

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial statements of the Town of Renfrew Stewart Bequest Trust are the representation of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

The focus of PSAB financial statements is on the financial position of the Stewart Bequest Trust and changes thereto. The Statement of Financial Position reports financial assets and liabilities. Financial assets are available to provide resources to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. Municipal position represents the financial position of the Stewart Bequest Trust and is the difference between financial assets and liabilities. This information explains the Stewart Bequest Trust's overall future revenue requirements and its ability to finance activities and meet its obligations.

#### (a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period in which transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenue; expenses are recognized in the period goods or services are acquired and a liability is incurred or transfers are due.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

#### (b) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### (c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash on hand and in bank and investments due no greater than three months from the date of acquisition or that are cashable on demand.

#### 2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments include cash in bank and investments. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Stewart Bequest Trust is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

The carrying amounts reported on the statement of financial position for cash in bank and investments, approximates their fair values, due to the immediate and short term maturities of these financial instruments.

#### Stewart Bequest Trust

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

## For the year ended 31 December 2020

#### 3. INVESTMENTS

The Recreational Commission of the Town of Renfrew received a bequest from the Daniel Watson Stewart Estate in 1964. The Commission is required by the terms of the Will to invest and keep invested this bequest and to use the income for improvement, benefit and maintenance of the Recreation Centre.

The investments had a market value at 31 December 2020 of \$52,473 (2019 - \$51,800). The investments consist of a GIC that has an interest rate of 1.3% for 2020, 1.5% for 2021 and 1.65% for 2022 and matures 29 May 2022.

	Cost	Cost	Market Value	Market Value
	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Investments consist of:				
Guaranteed Investment				
Certificates	\$ 52,473	§ 51,800 S	52,473	\$51,800

#### 4. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The nature of trust activities is such that there may be litigation pending or in prospect at any time. The Town of Renfrew Stewart Bequest Trust is not aware of any claims or possible claims as at 31 December 2020.

## **Financial Statements**

For the year ended 31 December 2020



#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Members, Renfrew Parks and Recreation Fund Raising Committee Trust, Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the Town of Renfrew.

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of the Renfrew Parks and Recreation Fund Raising Committee Trust (the Trust), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Trust as at 31 December 2020, and its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards (PSAB).

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Trust in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PSAB, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Trust or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Trust's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at *MacKillican's* website at: http://mackillicans.com/PDF/Auditors\_Responsibilities.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

RENFREW, Ontario. 14 September 2021.

**Chartered Professional Accountants.** 

Mac Killian + Associates

Licensed Public Accountants.

620 Barnet Blvd. Renfrew ON. K7V 0A8 T: 613.432.3664 | F: 613.432.8424

14 Madawaska Street – P.O. Box 94 Arnprior ON. K7S 3H2 T: 613.623.7926 | F: 613.623.7927

 $Email: info@mackillicans.com \mid Website: www.mackillicans.com$ 

## Statement of Financial Position

# As at 31 December 2020 (with 2019 figures for comparison)

		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>	
Financial assets:					
Cash	\$	1,200	\$	1,200	
Inventory (Note 3)		5,166		11,700	
Due from Town of Renfrew		152,676		153,421	
	\$	159,042	\$	166,321	
Liability:					
Accounts payable	\$	42	\$	2,188	
Net financial assets	\$ <u></u>	159,000	\$	164,133	
Accumulated surplus	\$	159,000	\$	164,133	

## Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

# For the year ended 31 December 2020 (with 2019 figures for comparison)

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Revenue: Sales Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 2,89 1,91 51	0 3,392
Expenses:	\$5,31	7 \$ 55,039
Purchases for resale Volunteer remuneration Miscellaneous	\$ 9,60 37 47	70 4,615
	\$ <u>10,45</u>	<u>\$ 28,658</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$ (5,13	\$3) \$ 26,381
Accumulated surplus at the beginning of the year	164,13	137,752
Accumulated surplus at the end of the year	\$ 159,00	<u>00</u> \$ <u>164,133</u>

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### For the year ended 31 December 2020

#### 1. RENFREW PARKS AND RECREATION FUND RAISING COMMITTEE TRUST

A group of individuals have agreed to volunteer their time to raise funds to help offset some of the costs of capital projects of the Renfrew Parks and Recreation. The funds are being administered by the Town of Renfrew in a trust format.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial statements of the Renfrew Parks and Recreation Fund Raising Committee Trust are the representation of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

The focus of PSAB financial statements is on the financial position of the Renfrew Parks and Recreation Fund Raising Committee Trust and changes thereto. The Statement of Financial Position reports financial assets and liabilities. Financial assets are available to provide resources to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. Municipal position represents the financial position of the Renfrew Parks and Recreation Fund Raising Committee Trust and is the difference between financial assets and liabilities. This information explains the Renfrew Parks and Recreation Fund Raising Committee Trust's overall future revenue requirements and its ability to finance activities and meet its obligations.

#### (a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period in which transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenue; expenses are recognized in the period goods or services are acquired and a liability is incurred or transfers are due.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

#### (b) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### (c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash on hand and in bank and investments due no greater than three months from the date of acquisition or that are cashable on demand.

#### 3. INVENTORY

Inventory held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realizable value.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### For the year ended 31 December 2020

#### 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments include cash, due from Town of Renfrew and accounts payable. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Trust is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

The carrying amounts reported on the statement of financial position for cash, due from Town of Renfrew and accounts payable, approximates their fair values, due to the immediate and short term maturities of these financial instruments.

#### 5. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The nature of trust activities is such that there may be litigation pending or in prospect at any time. The Renfrew Parks and Recreation Fund Raising Committee Trust is not aware of any claims or possible claims as at 31 December 2020.

#### 6. COVID-19

To help contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus and to protect the public, measures have been introduced at various levels of government. The virus and the measures introduced could have a material impact on future operations. The extent of the impact of the COVID-19 virus and the government's response cannot be reliably estimated at this time.

**Swimming Pool Trust** 

<u>Financial Statements</u>

For the year ended 31 December 2020



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Trustees, Town of Renfrew Swimming Pool Trust, Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the Town of Renfrew.

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Renfrew Swimming Pool Trust (the Trust), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Trust as at 31 December 2020, and its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards (PSAB).

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Trust in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PSAB, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Trust or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Trust's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at *MacKillican's* website at: http://mackillicans.com/PDF/Auditors\_Responsibilities.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

**Chartered Professional Accountants,** 

Mac Killian + Associates

Licensed Public Accountants.

RENFREW, Ontario. 14 September 2021.

620 Barnet Blvd. Renfrew ON. K7V 0A8 T: 613.432.3664 | F: 613.432.8424

14 Madawaska Street – P.O. Box 94
A8
Arnprior ON. K7S 3H2
32.8424
Email: info@mackillicans.com | Website: www.mackillicans.com

## **Swimming Pool Trust**

## Statement of Financial Position

# For the year ended 31 December 2020 (with 2019 figures for comparison)

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	
Financial assets: Cash in bank	\$ <u>36,613</u>	\$36,190	
Net financial assets	\$ <u>36,613</u>	\$36,190	
Accumulated surplus	\$ <u>36,613</u>	\$ <u>36,190</u>	

## Town of Renfrew

## **Swimming Pool Trust**

## Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

## For the year ended 31 December 2020 (with 2019 figures for comparison)

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Accumulated surplus at the beginning of the year	\$ 36,190	\$ 35,372
Interest income	 423	 818
Accumulated surplus at the end of the year	\$ 36,613	\$ 36,190

#### **Swimming Pool Trust**

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### For the year ended 31 December 2020

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial statements of the Town of Renfrew Swimming Pool Trust are the representation of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

The focus of PSAB financial statements is on the financial position of the Swimming Pool Trust and changes thereto. The Statement of Financial Position reports financial assets and liabilities. Financial assets are available to provide resources to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. Trust position represents the financial position of the Swimming Pool Trust and is the difference between financial assets and liabilities. This information explains the Swimming Pool Trust's overall future revenue requirements and its ability to finance activities and meet its obligations.

#### (a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period in which transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenue; expenses are recognized in the period goods or services are acquired and a liability is incurred or transfers are due.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

#### (b) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### (c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash on hand and in bank and investments due no greater than three months from the date of acquisition or that are cashable on demand.

#### 2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT

Financial instrument includes cash in bank. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Swimming Pool Trust is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from this financial instrument.

The carrying amount reported on the statement of financial position for cash in bank, approximates its fair value, due to the immediate and short term maturity of this financial instrument.

#### 3. SWIMMING POOL TRUST

The Swimming Pool Trust came about as the result of a campaign to raise funds for the construction of a swimming pool. The donations have been put into a trust fund until such time as a pool may be built.

## **Swimming Pool Trust**

## Notes to the Financial Statements

## For the year ended 31 December 2020

#### 4. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The nature of Trust activities is such that there may be litigation pending or in prospect at any time. The Town of Renfrew Swimming Pool Trust is not aware of any claims or possible claims as at 31 December 2020.